What is the Aspire Program?



Established under the Economic Recovery Act of 2020 (ERA)



Successor to the Economic Recovery and Growth Program (ERG)



Provides tax credits to incentivize strategic real estate projects in New Jersey



Awards are based on a project financial need calculation



Focuses on strengthening communities and creating local benefits



Encourages growth in communities with greatest levels of distress



Supports commercial and residential growth



Includes fiscal protections





Key Features

- Capped with NJ Emerge at \$1.1 billion over 6 years
 - Option to roll over unused program cap to a seventh year
- Awards up to 45 percent of project costs
 - Up to 50 percent of project costs in a Government Restricted Municipality (GRM)
 - Up to 60 percent of project costs for new construction projects using Low Income Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC)
- Transformative projects with at least \$100 million project costs may get tax credits up to \$350 million
- Maximum 10-year eligibility period
- Project developers must pay prevailing wage for all construction and for building services for the duration of the eligibility period



Projects with costs of \$10 million or more must have a Community Benefits Agreement



1 AWARD SIZE

2 ELIGIBILITY

- Geography
- Project size
- Scoring
- Financing gap
- Phasing

- Affordable housing
- Municipal support
- Prevailing Wage
- Affirmative Action
- Minimum Environmental Standards

3 FISCAL AND RESIDENT PROTECTIONS

- Community Benefits Agreement
- Rate of return

- Benefit test
- Tax credit transfers
- Transparency

4 TRANSFORMATIVE PROJECTS

- Award size
- General eligibility
- Residential project requirements
- Commercial project requirements



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Award Size

Baseline tax credits available

Tax credits equal to 45 percent of project costs up to \$42 million

Bonuses



Commercial projects in a GRM can receive tax credits **up to 50 percent of project costs** in project support



Newly constructed residential projects that are also utilizing four percent LIHTCs can receive tax credits up to 60 percent of project costs



Projects using LIHTC or any other project in a Qualified Incentive Tract (QIT), GRM, or municipality with an Municipal Revitalization Index (MRI) distress score of at least 50, can receive tax credits up to \$60 million



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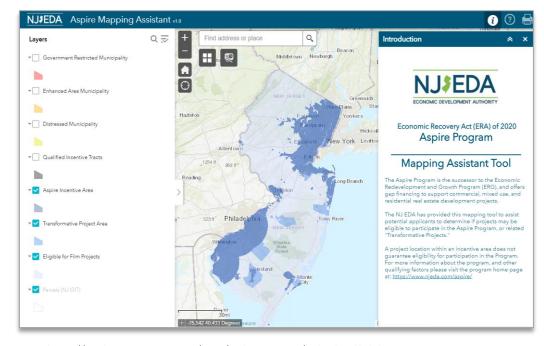
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GEOGRAPHY

Projects must be located in an Incentive Area:

- Planning Area 1
- Aviation District
- Port District
- Planning Area 2 (Suburban) or Designated Center, provided either within a half mile of a rail transit station or a high frequency bus stop



https://njeda.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=b32ea4347e6a4403a36859e6ee6e5c0a



Transformative projects can also qualify if located in a GRM, Enhanced Area, or Distressed Municipality

Film projects may be located anywhere



GEOGRAPHY

Properties in Planning Area 2 or Designated Centers that are within a half mile of a high-frequency bus stop are not presently reflected on eligibility map

- A "High-Frequency" bus stop must be certified as such by NJ Transit to establish Aspire program eligibility
- NJ Transit criteria stipulate that a high-frequency bus stop must serve:
 - in North Jersey, at least 10 buses per hour during weekday peak periods OR at least 4 buses per hour throughout the day from 6am to 7pm
 - in South Jersey, at least 4 buses per hour over the course of the day
- Bus frequency includes service provided by all bus lines/carriers serving the bus stop.
- Contact Aspire program staff at <u>Aspire@njeda.com</u> to initiate high-frequency bus stop certification process

PROJECT SIZE



must have costs totaling at least:

- \$5 million in a QIT or GRM
- \$10 million in any other community with a population of less than 200,000
- \$17.5 million in any other
 Incentive Area (i.e. Newark or Jersey City)



must be at least **100,000** square feet

Implications of Program Rules for Different Projects

A Project with \$40 Million in Project Costs – Three Versions

- 1. Residential, 20% affordable, No LIHTC
 - Eligible for tax credit award of up to \$18 million
- 2. Residential, 4% LIHTC;
 - Eligible for tax credit award of up to \$24 million
- 3. Commercial project, office over retail
 - Eligible for tax credit award of up to \$18 million
 - If in a GRM, eligible for award up to \$20 million

SCORING

- Scoring will be used to assess project consistency with program objectives, not to compare projects with one another
- Projects not demonstrating evidence of consistency with program policy objectives would not advance further
 - Scoring questions related to equity, environmental justice, climate resilience, workforce housing, and sustainability
 - Scoring questions available at <u>Aspire Program (NEW) NJEDA</u>

FINANCING GAP

Projects must demonstrate a project financing gap

"Project financing gap" refers to the part of the total project cost, including reasonable and appropriate return on investment, that remains to be financed after all other sources of capital have been accounted for

NJEDA will determine "reasonable and appropriate return on investment" relying on third-party analysis of project type, scale, geography, etc.



OTHER SOURCES OF CAPITAL INCLUDE:

- Developer-contributed capital
- Deferred development fees
- Federal tax credits (for certain purposes)

PHASING

Projects can be undertaken in phases if each phase has

- Project costs of at least \$50 million
- A Temporary Certificate of Occupancy (TCO)

AFFORDABLE HOUSING

All projects including newly-constructed residential units must provide a minimum of 20 percent affordable housing

PREVAILING WAGE

Required for all project costs during construction, and for building services and maintenance throughout the eligibility period

Required for any costs incurred **prior** to application if those costs are included in project costs

Failure to comply will be grounds for withholding of tax credits and other possible penalties

MUNICIPAL SUPPORT

Letter of support from governing body of the municipality where the project will be located is required at time of application for commercial and residential projects

AFFIRMATIVE ACTION AND ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS

Projects must meet affirmative action requirements for all work included in the project cost and for two years after the tax credit certificate is issued

Projects must meet minimum environmental and sustainability standards outlined at https://www.njeda.com/green-building-guidance v8-final/

 Applicants will need to acknowledge the need to meet these standards and provide a description of how they will be met

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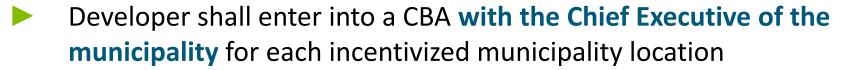
Benefit test

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COMMUNITY BENEFITS AGREEMENT (CBA)





- Municipality may request the Chief Executive of the County containing the municipality to negotiate and enter into the CBA
- Agreement may provide services to underserved communities or other investments that benefit the community as a whole
 - Up to 5 percent of costs associated with these services/investments may be included in applicant project economics as a soft cost or stream of annual operating costs
- Municipality/County must plan at least one community engagement session
- Municipality/County appoints a Community Action Committee with at least three members to monitor CBA implementation



NET BENEFIT TEST (1/2)

Net benefit requirements for commercial projects are based on location:

Located in Government Restricted Municipalities	150%
Located Anywhere Else	185%

- No net benefit test is required for residential projects
- ► Food service and health care centers are not subject to a net benefit test if the project is larger than 10,000 square feet

Both tax credits and benefit to the State are evaluated on a present value basis using the same discount rate



NET BENEFIT TEST (2/2)

Proposed policy for testing net benefit to the State for commercial projects:

- Utilize the IMPLAN model
- For construction benefits, use direct, indirect, and induced tax revenues at the State level
- For **ongoing benefits**, use **direct and indirect** tax revenues at the State level
 - Use regional average salaries for each real estate use and employee per square foot data
- Use separate regional multipliers for South Jersey and North Jersey
- Local tax benefits only included when they benefit the State and are sufficiently evidenced by applicant
- Use a 2 percent inflation rate and an 8 percent discount rate

TAX CREDIT TRANSFERS

- Tax credits awarded through the Aspire Program can be sold for no less than 85 percent of their nominal value
- Exceptions for residential projects:
 - Residential projects financed in part by LIHTC can sell tax credits for no less than 65 percent of their nominal value
 - Residential projects that are not using LIHTC and have a plan approved by HMFA and NJEDA can sell credits for no less than 75 percent of their nominal value

RATE OF RETURN

Statute and program procedures aim for reasonable developer returns

- Reasonable and Appropriate Rate of Return (RARR) set based on project-specific characteristics including location, industry class, extent of local economic disadvantage
- Return rates for all municipalities and industry classes in New Jersey have historically ranged between 11 percent and 19 percent
- Project economics set at Board Approval and checked at project certification for consistency with Board approval
- Actual returns reviewed at year 7
- If actual returns exceed Board-approved RARR by more than 15 percent, **State Treasury** receives 20 percent of "excess returns"

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- **FISCAL AND RESIDENT PROTECTIONS**
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 - **Transparency**
- RANSFORMATIVE PROJECTS
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 - Residential and Commercial project requirements



Transformative Projects

AWARD SIZE

Tax credits of 40 percent of eligible project costs up to \$350 million

GENERAL ELIGIBILITY

- Minimum \$100 million project cost and construction or substantial renovation of:
 - 500,000 square feet
 - 250,000 square feet if project is a film studio
- Located in an Incentive Area, Distressed Municipality, GRM, or Enhanced Area
 - No geographic limits for film studio projects



Transformative Projects

PROJECT REQUIREMENTS



- 1,000 units or
- 100,000 square feet of commercial space and
 - At least 250 units in a GRM
 - At least 350 units in an Enhanced Area
 - At least 600 units in any other eligible
 Incentive Area



- At least 20 percent of any residential units are for low- and moderate-income households
- At least:
 - 500,000 square feet of new or substantially renovated commercial, industrial, or residential space, or
 - 250,000 square feet of film production space
- No more than 50 percent of space for retail

